AbstractID:9542Title :TissueAblationby Me diumIntens ityFocuse dUltra sound for BreastCancerTreatme nt:Pr eliminaryStudy

Purpose: Focused u ltrasonic rad iation i sknown for its abi lityto induce thermal effects for therapy deep in tissue wit hout surgical intervention. To design a medium intensity focus ed ultrasound (M IFU) syst em with distributed ultrasound trans ducers for br east cancertherapy, physicalpr operties of the acoustic fieldmu stbefu llycharact erized.

Method and m aterials: Custommadeu Itrasound transducers and drivings ystem were calibrated with 1MHz sinewaveinput (1mW power). Calibrated gain of RFampl ifier was utilized forult rasound power control . Numerical simulation of the ultrasound radiation field was carried out with Rayleig h-Sommerfold i ntegral. The m athematical model for simulation was verified by m easuring the acoustic output with a hydrophone. Heat distribution m odel was established based on the simulated ultrasound field. The h eating experiment was implemented under different controlst rategies (duty cycle, pulse repetition) with tissue-mimicking phantoms (12W eachtra nsducer) and anima It issue phantoms(2 0We achtransd ucer).

Resultsa nddi scussion: Theoutp utpowerfor MIFU can becont rolled accuratelywit hcalibration ofultr asound rivingsystem. The focalle ngthofthe transducerwas found to be 6.9cm with resonancefre quency1MHz.At -6dBf ocal zone, the beamwidt h was 0.3cm and the focal z one depth was ab out 3cm. Them athematical model of the ultrasound field was quite comparable with the measured results. In the simulat ion of ultrasound field sgenerated by two or hogonal transducers, the area of -6dBf ocal zone was 6m mx6mm. Them athematical model of the results in a serified with heating experiment. The temperature of the target pointr ose up to 65 °C from ambient temperature within 3minut es of so nication. Significant lesion was visible in the tissue ablation experiment.

Conclusion: From the mathematical model and experimental results, it appears t hat MIFU can potentially be used for soft tissue ablation suchastreat ingbr eastcan cerwithb etterskin sparing.

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