

























6. Evidence Based Quality Assurance Sensitivity analysis

- The "a" value used in the calculation of the Equivalent Uniform Dose is not known accurately
- For a $\pm 20\%$ change in "a" our results vary by
 - <0.1 Gy for the organs at risk
 - <0.1% for the targets

6. Evidence Based quality Assurance

Conclusions

- CAPCA Tolerance Levels are shown to maintain average EUD deviations to within 2% and 2 Gy.
- However they show markedly different effects over the range of 2% or 2 Gy.
- The efficiency with which resources are allocated within a linac quality control program can be enhanced by analyzing the relative importance of the various performance standards.

6. Evidence Based Quality Assurance

Final Thoughts

- Will these results provoke a re-write of TG 40? NO
- Will these results guide the distribution of QC resources?

MAYBE

• Will there be more work on putting QA programs on an objective basis?

HOPEFULLY

6. Evidence Based Quality Assurance

....radiation oncology researchers need to further develop methodology for critical assessment of health technologies as a complement to randomized controlled trials.

Søren Bentzen. "Randomized controlled trials in health technology assessment: Overkill or overdue?"

Radiotherapy and Oncology 86 (2008) 142-147



Quality in Radiation Therapy: What it is and how do you achieve it?

Wednesday 30th July; 10am – Noon Room 350

> AAPM Annual Meeting July, 2008