

DICOM[®] Basics for Radiographic and Fluoroscopic Systems

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[®] DICOM is the registered trademark of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association for its standards publications relating to digital communications of medical information.

DICOM for R&F Systems

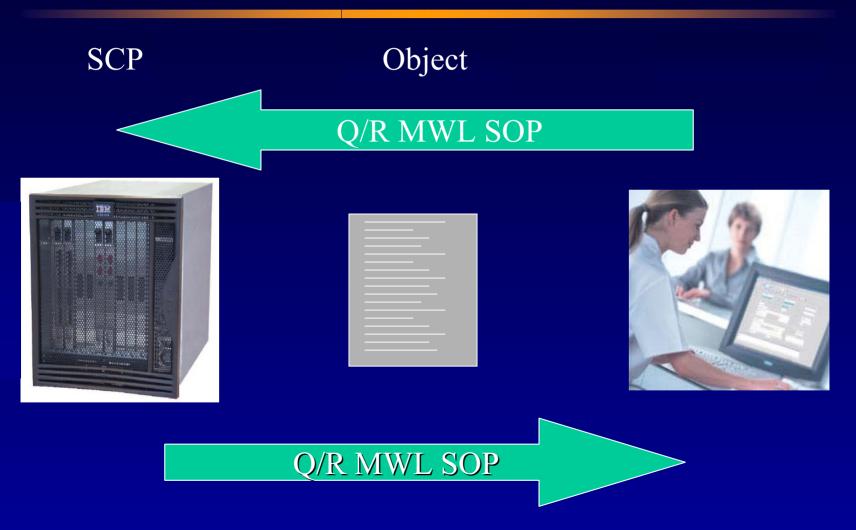
- DICOM Basics (Services, Objects, etc)
- DICOM Elements Essential to R/F
- Networking Basics and Connectivity
- Assessing Functionality of DICOM Services on R/F Systems
- Controlling the Quality of R/F Images Using DICOM
- The RFP for R/F Systems

Organization

- Services Classes
 - Store
 - Print
 - Query/Retrieve (Q/R)
- Information Objects
 - Modality work lists (MWL)
 - Schedule lists
 - Status updates
 - Images (CT, MR, RF, CR, DX, etc)

- Communication Event: "Instance"
- Service-Object Pair (SOP)
 - Store & RF Image (Store-RF)
 - Print & DX image (Print-DX)
 - Query/Retrieve & MWL (Q/R-MWL)
- Service class Users and Providers
 - Client is user
 - Server is provider





- DICOM
 - -Storage Commitment
 - Modality sends number of images in each series
 - PACS responds with failure message if all are not received
 - -Performed Procedure Step
 - Modality informs RIS of exam begin/end
 - Problematic for multimodality exams

RFP (Conformance Statement) Supported SOP's (SCU) Store (DE XE)

- Store (RF, XF)
- Print (RF, XF)
- Q/R Modality Work List
- Storage Commitment
- Performed Procedure Step (Optional)

- Viewing DICOM object header information ("Meta Data")
- PACS provides tools for examination
- DICOM "tags" (Group, Element)
 - -(0008,1030) Exam description
 - -(0010,0010) Patient name
 - -(0018,1030) Protocol description
 - (0028,0002) Samples per pixel

- Viewing header information
 - Presentation will depend on viewing tool
 - -Layered structure
 - Patient, Study information
 - Consistent across all object types
 - Series, Image information
 - -Will depend on type of object

- Patient demographics
 - -Patient Name

-MRN

-DOB

-Sex

M	MetaData Dialog					
	E- StudyID: 1.2.840.113696.347054.500.517284.20040216084051					
	0x00080020 - Study Date: 20040216					
	0x00080030 - Study Time: 114120.000000					
	0x00080050 - Accession Number: 4101926					
	0x00080090 - Referring Physician's Name: STAFF					
	0x00081030 - Study Description: ESOPHAGUS					
	⊕- 0x00081 <mark>032</mark>					
	0x00100 <mark>010 - Patient's Name:</mark>					
	0x00100 <mark>020 - Patient ID:</mark>					
	0x00100 <mark>030 - Patient's Birth Date:</mark>					
	0x00100 <mark>040 - Patient's Sex:</mark>					
	0x00200000 - Study Instance UID: 1.2.840.113696.347054.500.517284.20040216084051					
	0x00200010 - Study ID: 2004-02-16 11:36					
	0x0032000a - Study Status ID: UNMATCHED					
	- 0x00321032 - Requesting Physician: STAFF					
	0x00730010 - Stentor Private Tag Placeholder: STENTOR					
	0x00731001 - Sending Hostname: unknown					
	0x00731002 - Sending IP Address: 143.111.217.21					
	- 0x00731003 - Sending AE Title: STORESCU					
	- Series: 1.3.46.670589.6.1.0.22521256.2004021611411981					

- Image information
 Other Modalities
 - (DX, CR, DR, etc)
 - Patient Dose
 - Technique factors
 - Exposure Index
 - Info. is specific to modality type

⊕ 0x00082218	
0x00180060 <mark>-</mark> KVP: 125	
- 0x00181110 - Distance Source to Detector: 1800	
- 0x00181111 - Distance Source to Patient: 1750	
- 0x00181150 <mark> -</mark> Exposure Time: 4	
0x00181152 - Exposure: 2	
0x00181153 <mark> - Exposure in uAs: 1880</mark>	
- 0x0018115e <mark>-</mark> Image Area Dose Product: 1.09055	
⊕ 0x00181164	
⊕ 0x00181166	
 0x00181400 - Acquisition Device Processing Des 	criptio: postero-anterior GE Factory
 0x00181401 - Acquisition Device Processing Cod 	e: 8#1451351201151129885100#203
- 0x00181405 - Relative X-ray Exposure: 98	
 0x00181511 - Positioner Secondary Angle: 0 	
0x00181700 - Collimator Shape: POLYGONAL	
⊕ 0x00181720	
0x00186000 <mark> -</mark> Sensitivity: 0.1283211	
0x00187001 - Detector Temperature: 27.799999	
0x00187004 - Detector Type: SCINTILLATOR	
0x00187005 - Detector Configuration: AREA	
0x0018700a - Detector ID:	
i∰- 0x0018701a	
i∎- 0x00187020	
i∰~ 0x00187022	
0x00187024 - Detector Active Shape: RECTANGL	E

All devices must configured for TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol) communications

- Host name
 - Identification to other machines
- IP Address
 - Internet Protocol address
 - (XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX)
 - xxx "Octet" (0 255)

 Used by routers to route information packets ("datagrams")

- IP Address
 - -May be fixed or assigned by a server
 - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Host and IP may be required to communicate
 - "Promiscuous" mode if not required

– DHCP is contraindicated for operation with PACS and RIS (non-promiscuous)

- Default Gateway
 - Address of traffic control device ("switch") for the local area network (LAN)

- Subnet Mask
 - Defines the class of the device's communications (router, gateway or client)
 - Identifies which devices require traffic to be routed through a gateway
- "Netmask =255.255.255.0" means that any devices on the subnet with the same first three IP's can communicate directly without going through a router ("Class C" operation)

Basic Networking for DICOM

- Port #
 - -Logical endpoint for connection
 - -Specific to type of activity (104 common for DICOM)
 - -Different SC's may use different ports on same device

Basic Networking for DICOM

• Application Entity Title ("AE Title" or AET)

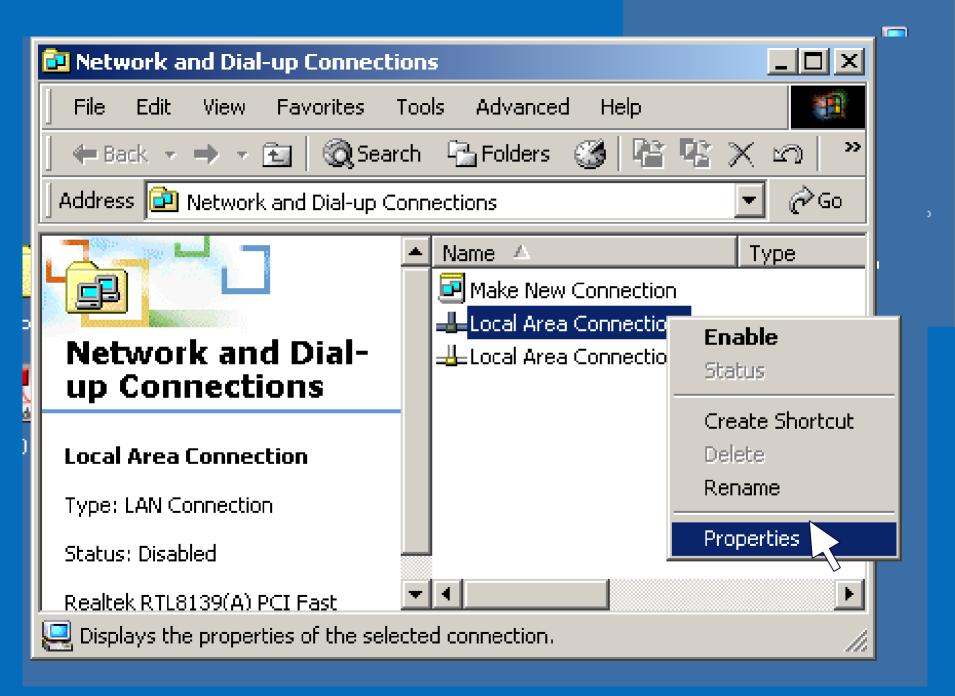
Unique device name used for a particular DICOM service on a device (like a password)

 May have several for different service classes ("ct5" for Store,

"PR-ct5_SCU" for Print)

Basic Networking for DICOM

- "Host" table
 - -List of aliases used by applications
 - -IP, AET and Port of all other DICOM devices



? × Local Area Connection 2 Properties General Sharing Connect using: Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties Efficient Networks Enternet P.P.P.o.E Adar Gei Y Components checked are used by this connection 🗹 🖳 Client for Microsoft Networks 🗹 📇 Deterministic Network Enhancer

- 📇 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Netv
- 🗹 🏹 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

Install...

Uninstall

0K

Description

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protoco wide area network protocol that provides comn across diverse interconnected networks.

Show icon in taskbar when connected \mathbf{V}

neral							
ou can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports is capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for e appropriate IP settings.							
O <u>O</u> btain an IP address automatically							
Use the following IP address:							
<u>I</u> P address:	143 . 111 . 215 . 221						
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0						
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	143 . 111 . 215 . 10						
C Obtain DNS server address automatically							
Use the following DNS server addresses:							

143.111.217.22 Preferred DNS server: Alternate DNS server:

143.111.216.23



? ×

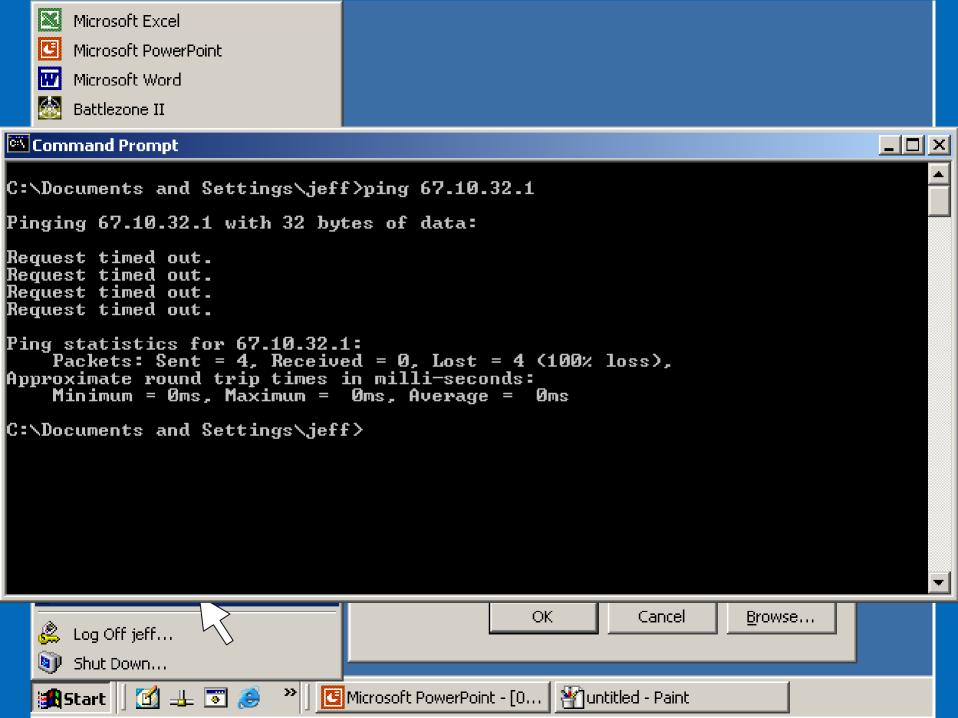
Assessing Functionality

- Elements in the header affect:
 - -Patient Identification (RIS)
 - -Image Quality (PACS and Print)
 - -Hanging Protocols (PACS)
- Functional assessment consists of assuring that the tags are preserved during transmission and are properly applied by the PACS, RIS, and printer.

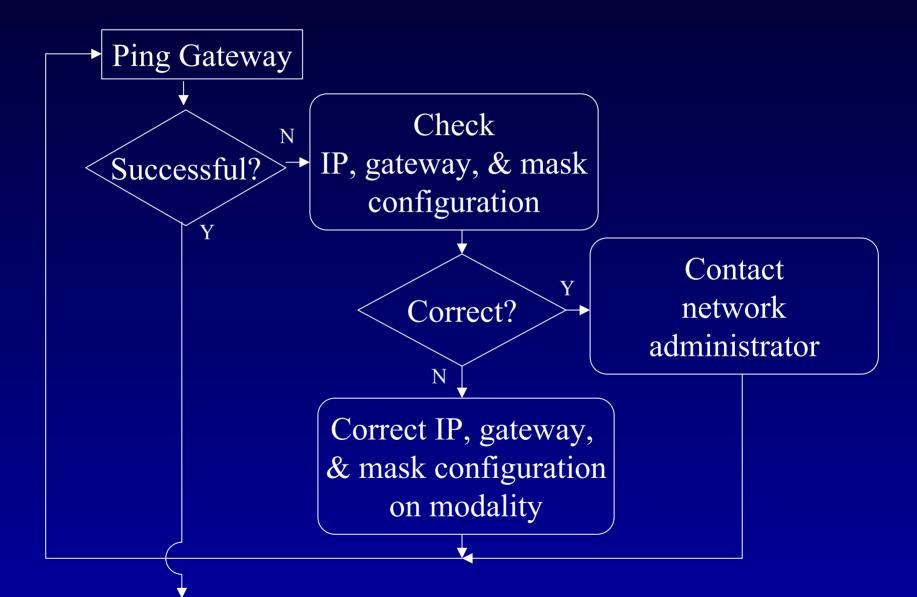
Assessing Functionality

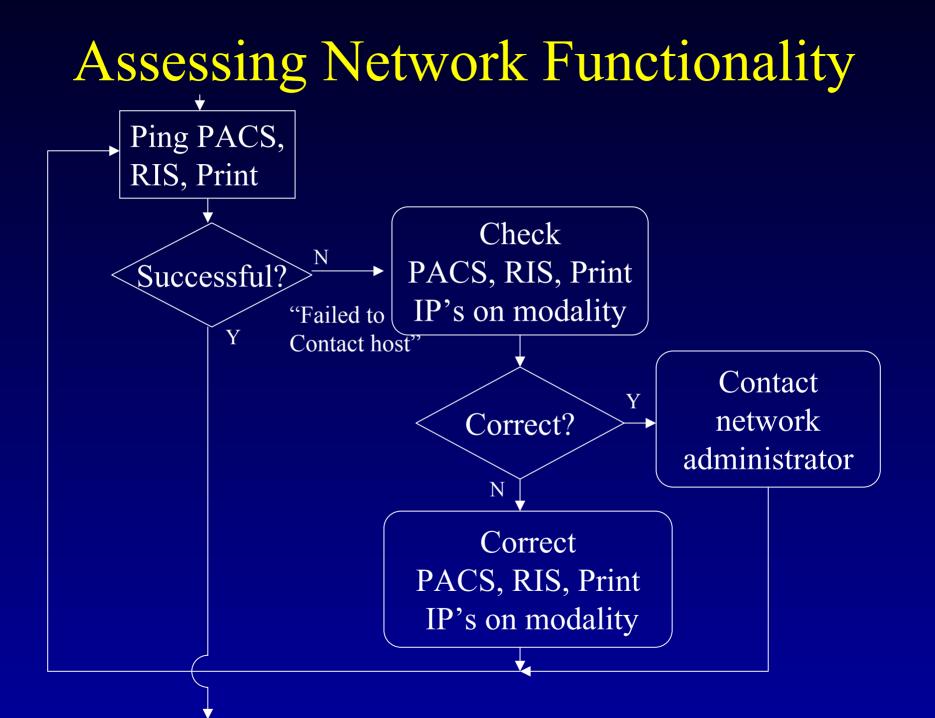
- Network operation
 - -Ping
 - Gateway (tests modality and switch configuration)
 - RIS, PACS & Print (tests modality configuration)

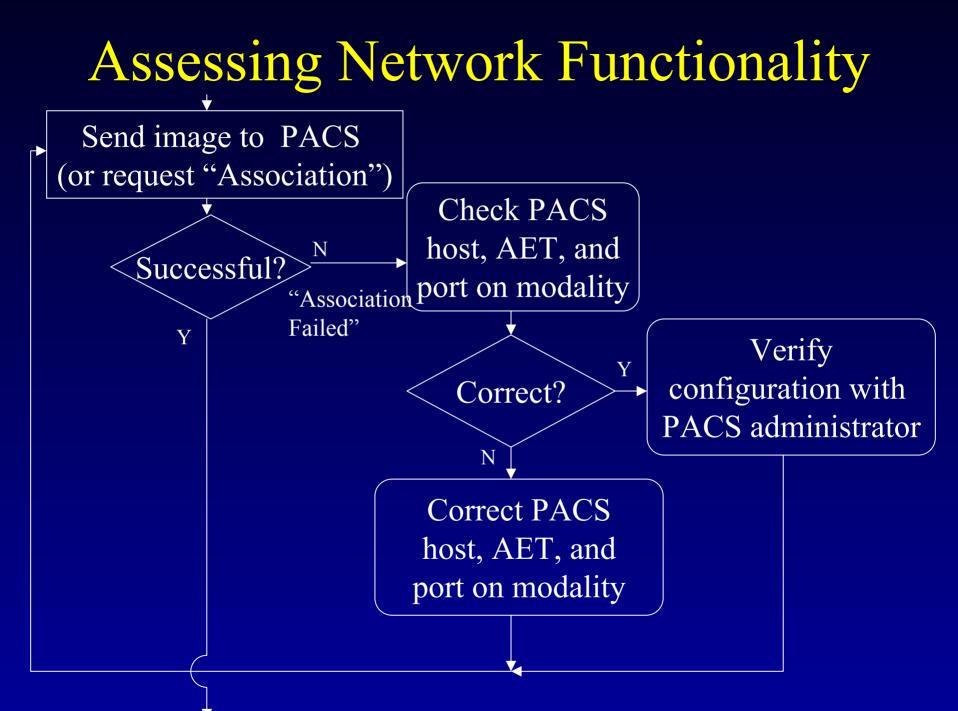
	Microsoft Excel	Accessibility	
	Command Prompt		<u>- 🗆 ×</u>
C:`	Documents and Setting	s\jeff>ping 67.10.32.1_	
			•
	Run	BattleCom Client Battlezone II	
	Log Off jeff Shut Down		



Assessing Network Functionality





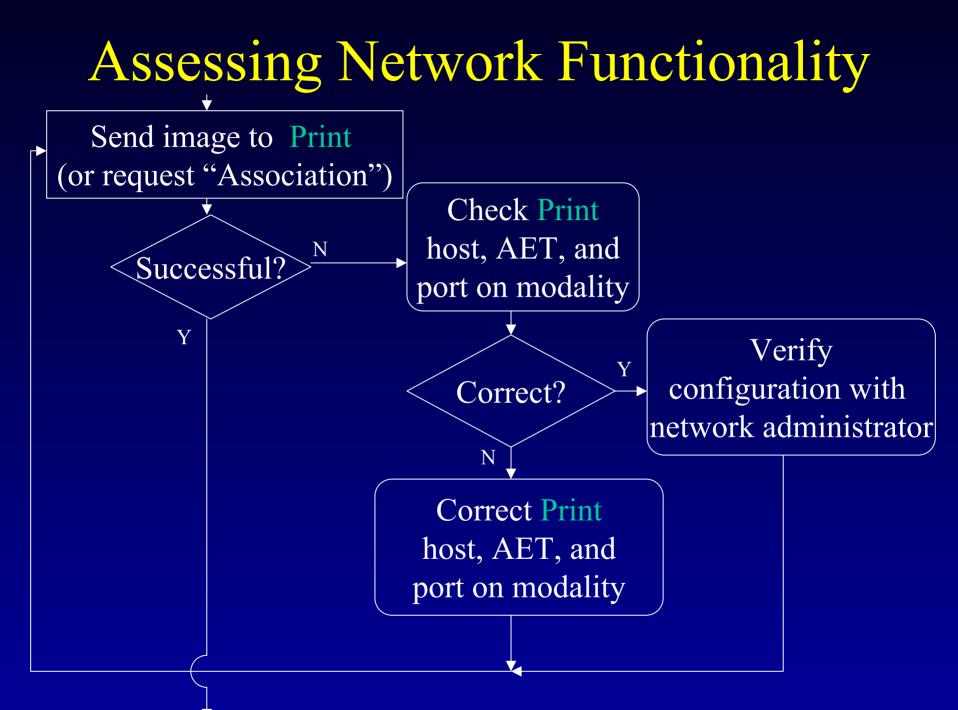


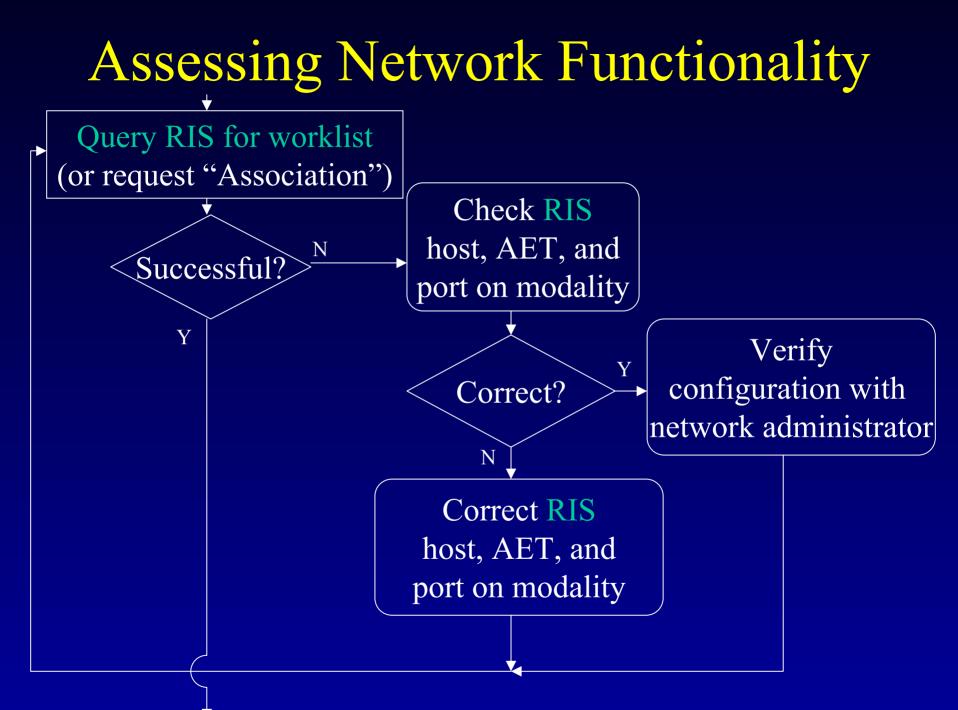
Assessing Functionality

- Transmission speed and duplex operation
 - Speed : Baud rate (ie 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps)
 - Duplex : Transmit/Receive mode
 Full- (two-way) or half- (one-way only)
 Must be configured consistently on both gateway and client

Assessing Network Functionality Send image to PACS (or request "Association") Check baud rate & T/R mode Ν Prompt? on modality Y Contact network Y administrator to Correct? check switch settings Ν

Correct baud rate & T/R mode on modality



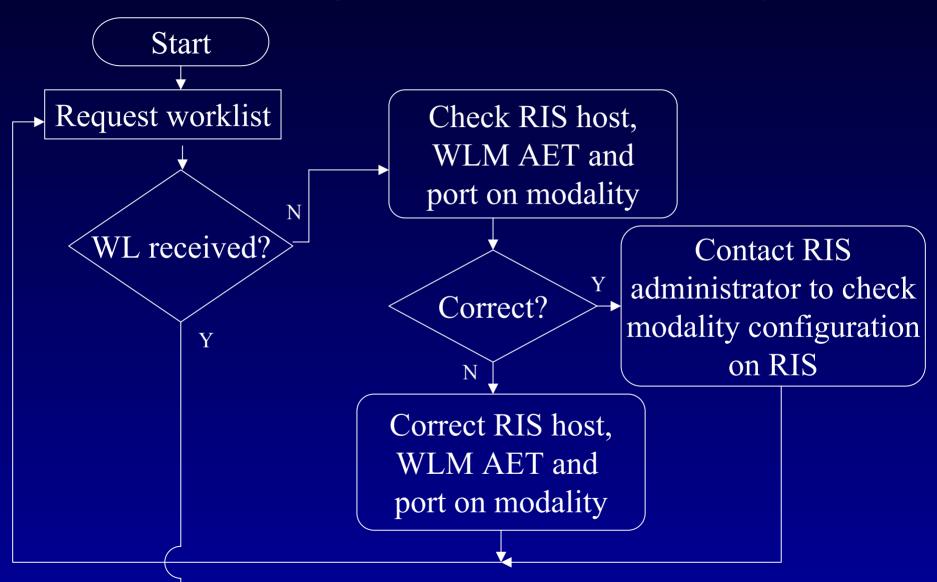


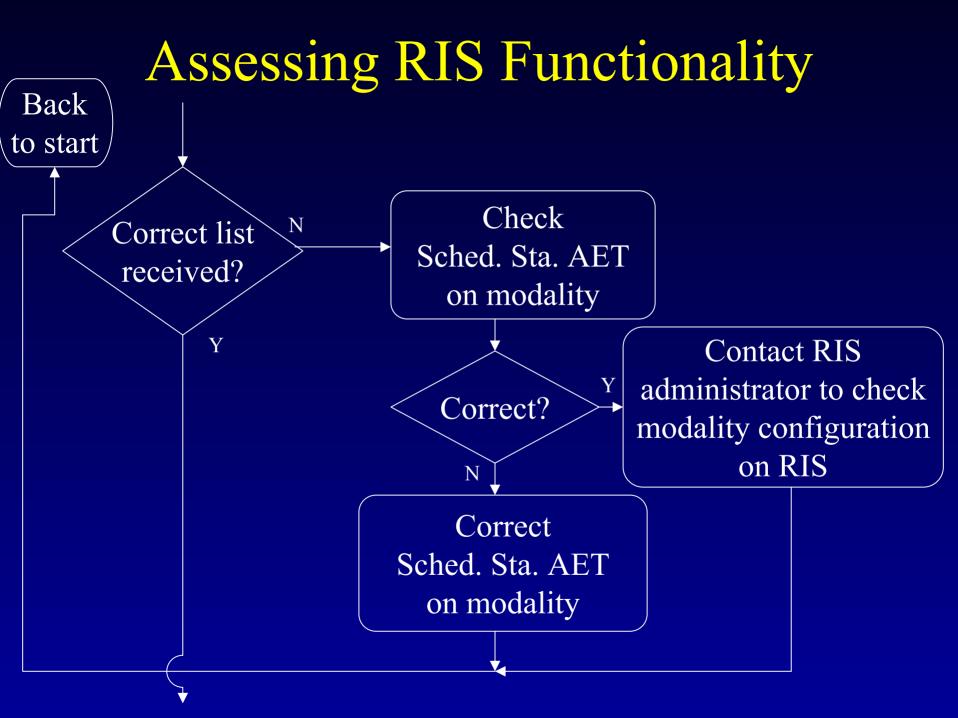
Assessing Functionality

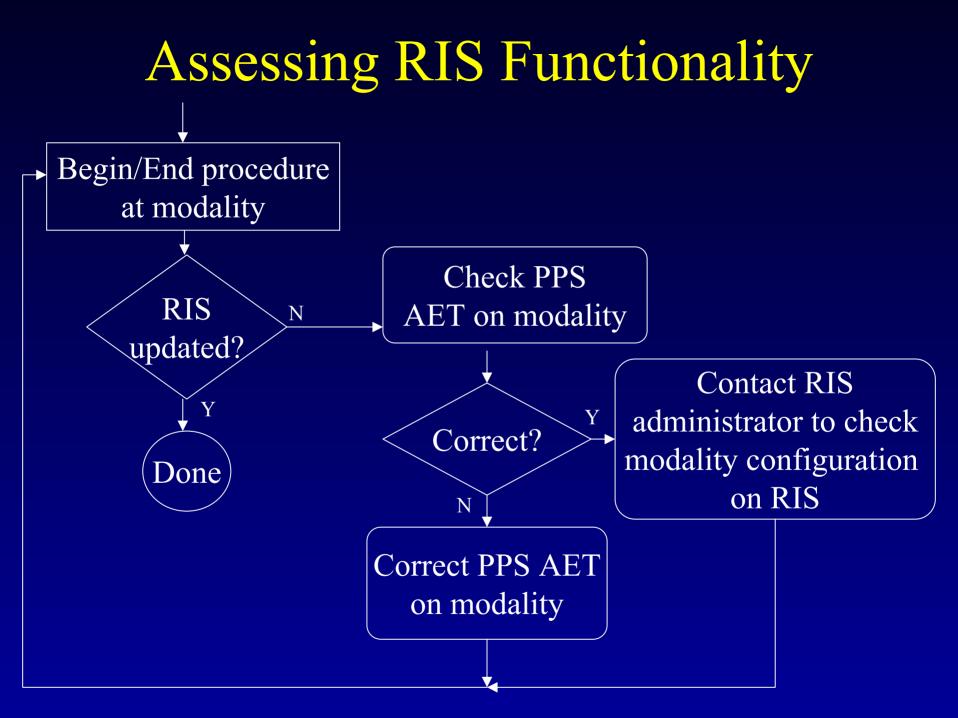
• With RIS

- Configure RIS with Host name, IP, AET, port #, and object type for the modality
- RIS responds with appropriate list of scheduled exams
 - For the device
 - For a time interval

Assessing RIS Functionality





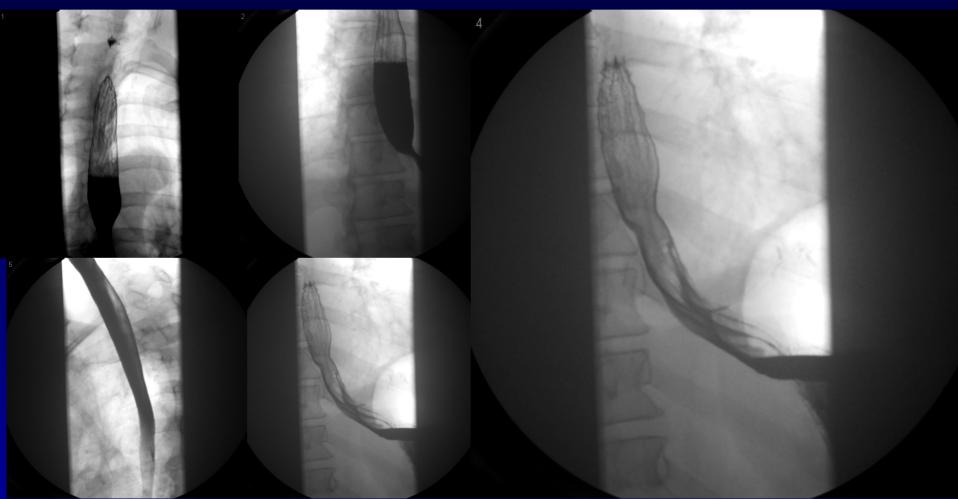


Assessing Functionality

With PACS

- PACS configuration
 - Modality host, AET, IP, and port
- Check:
 - Correct Patient and study demographics
 - Series and Study descriptions (Hanging protocols)
 - Extract from study name from RIS, if possible

Assessing Functionality



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Assessing Functionality

With PACS (cont'd)

- Presentation State (electronic masks, image flip, image rotate, image reversal, annotations and LUT's)
- Detector exposure indices (Pt. dose and noise)
- Patient dose indicator accuracy
- Pixel spacing (measurements in mm, not pixels)

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- If PACS workstation is designed to post-process raw images,
 - Verify post-processing parameters are present in header
 - Verify post-processing parameters are applied properly by workstation

- Check header on PACS to verify:

 Widow width (0028,1050)
 Window level or center (0028,1051)

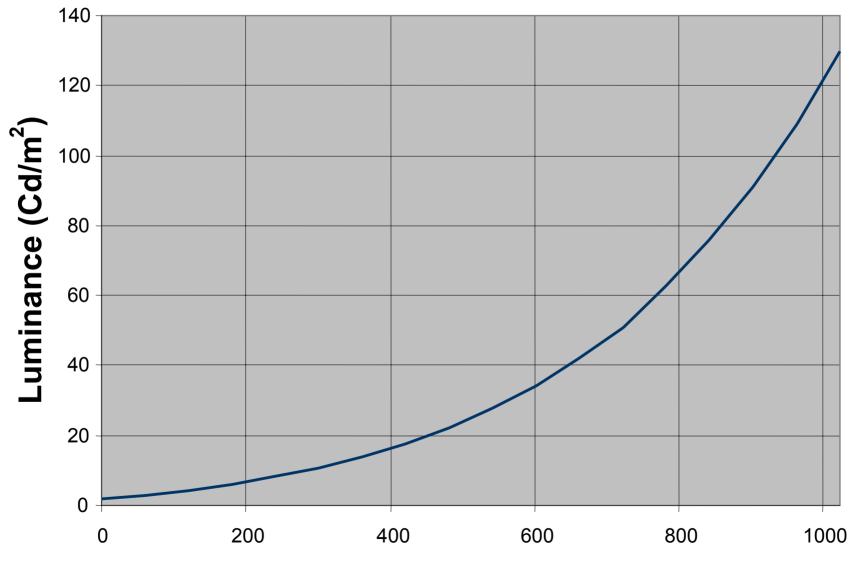
 Check that PACS applies modality
 - WW and WL
- Turn off "Modality Gamma" on PACS

• LUT

- Rescale Type (0028,0054) = "US"
 Rescale Slope (0028,0053)
 Rescale Intercept (0028,0052)
- Apply W/L in DICOM tags at modality to set filters appropriately

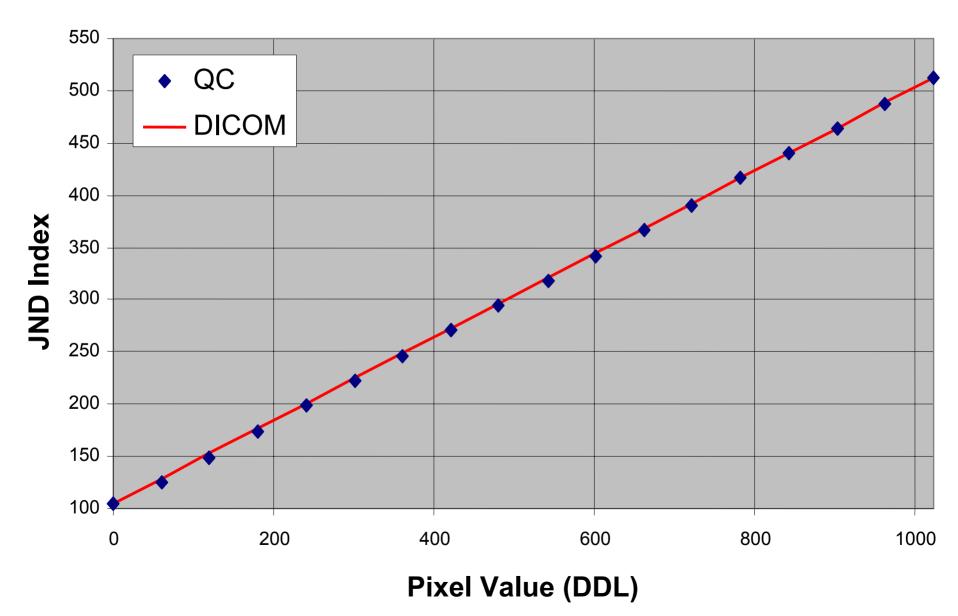
- Compare LUT on QC monitor to PS 3.14
 - Measure steps on the QC monitor with a photometer (See TG18)
 - Calculate JND's at min and max L for the monitor (PS 3.14, Table B1)
 - Calculate target JND's at each step assuming a linear increase with pixel value
 - Calculate JND's at each step from measured values
 - Calculate % of total JND range at each step

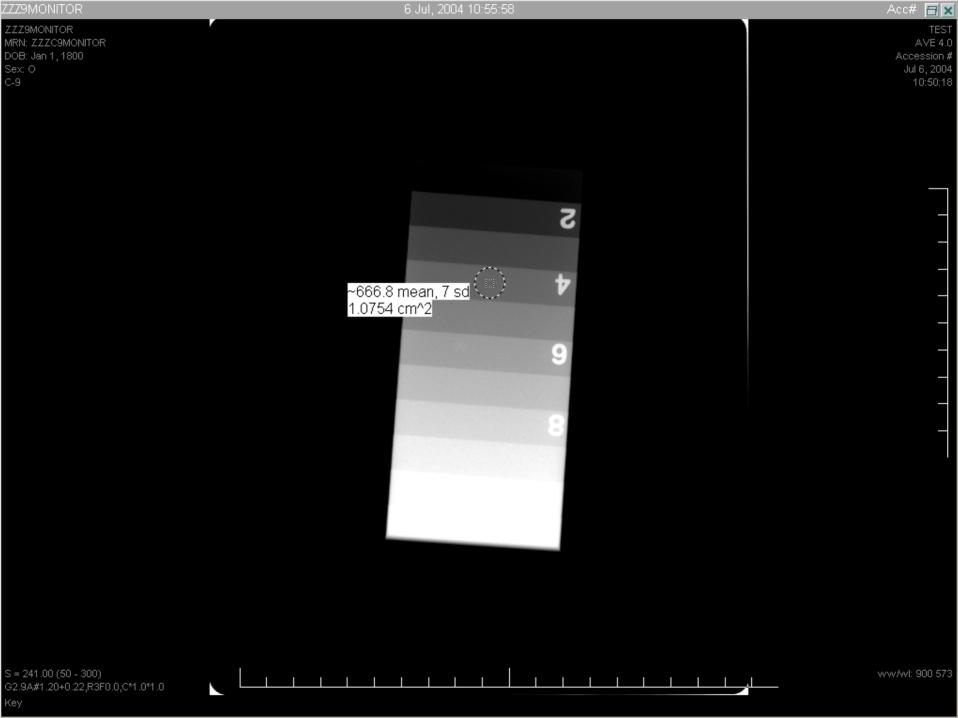
2004 AAPM Summer School pare to DICOM at each step

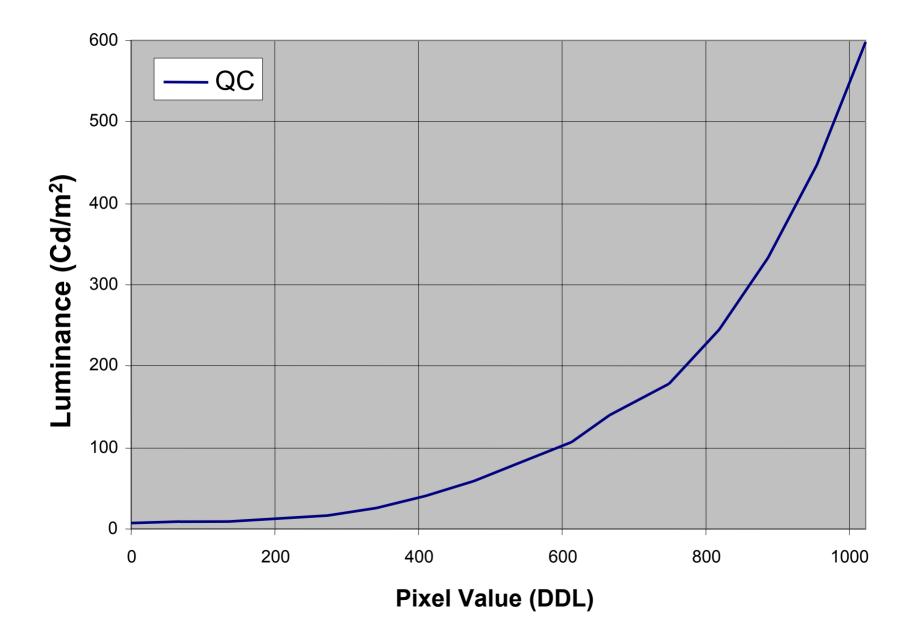


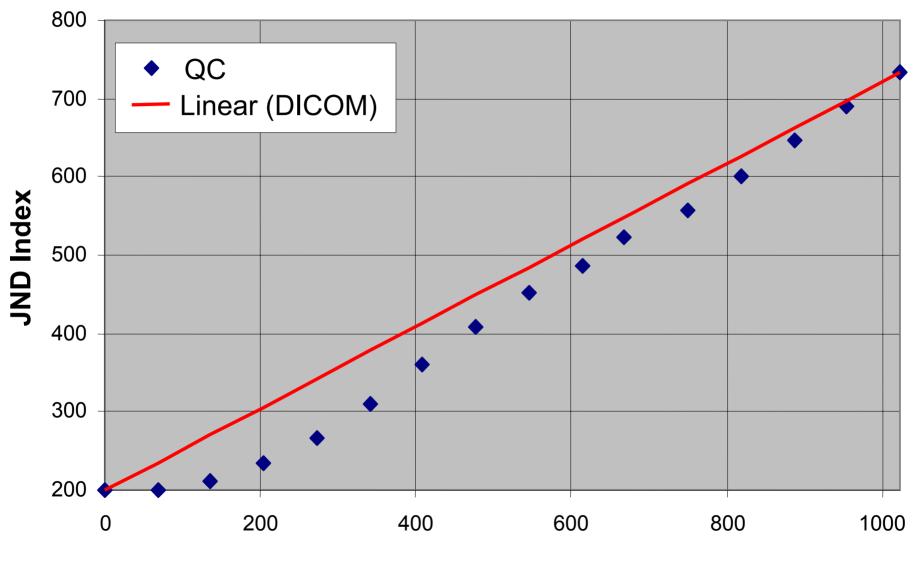
Digital Driving Level

	Luminance	JND	Index	%、		
ddl	QC	QC	DICOM	QC	DICOM	Error
1023	130	512	512	100%	100%	
963.0	109.0	488	488	94%	94%	0%
903.0	91.2	464	464	88%	88%	0%
842.0	75.9	440	440	82%	82%	0%
782.0	63.0	416	416	76%	76%	0%
722.0	51.0	390	392	70%	71%	-1%
662.0	41.9	366	368	64%	65%	-1%
602.0	34.2	342	345	58%	59%	-1%
542.0	27.6	318	321	52%	53%	-1%
481.0	22.2	294	296	47%	47%	0%
421.0	17.7	271	273	41%	41%	0%
361.0	13.7	246	249	35%	35%	-1%
301.0	10.7	223	225	29%	29%	0%
241.0	8.1	199	201	23%	24%	-1%
181.0	5.9	174	177	17%	18%	-1%
120.0	4.2	149	153	11%	12%	-1%
60.0	2.9	125	129	5%	6%	-1%
0.0	2.04	105	105	0%	0%	

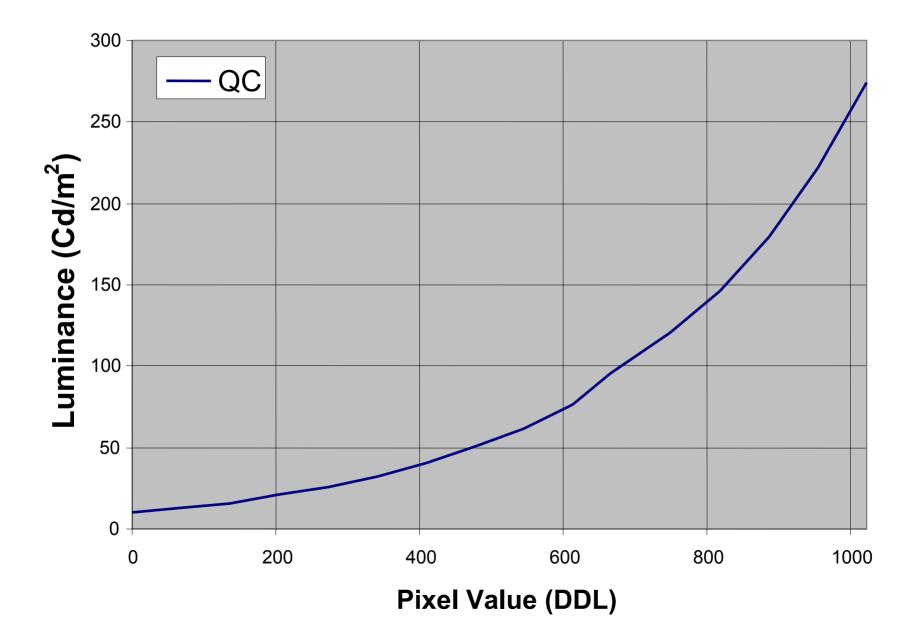


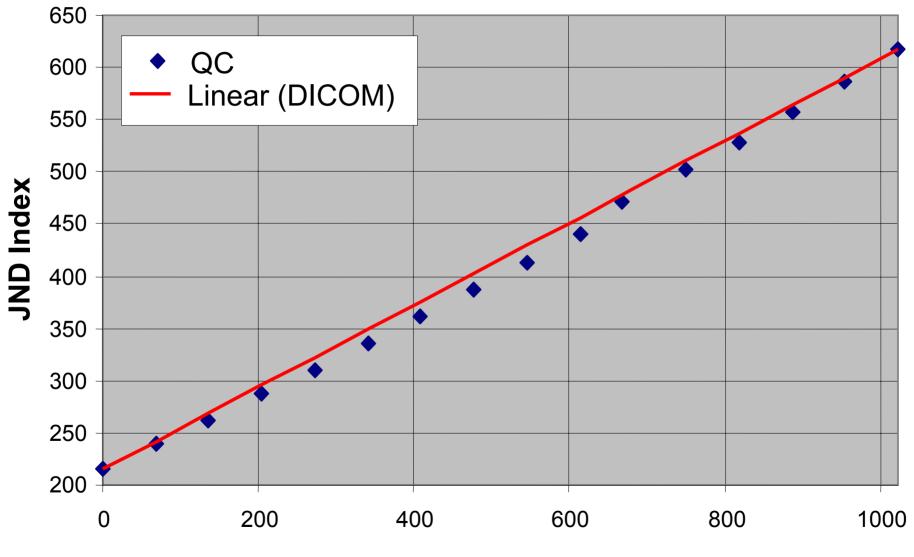






Pixel Value (DDL)





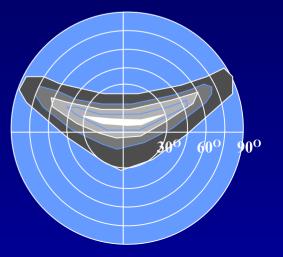
Pixel Value (DDL)

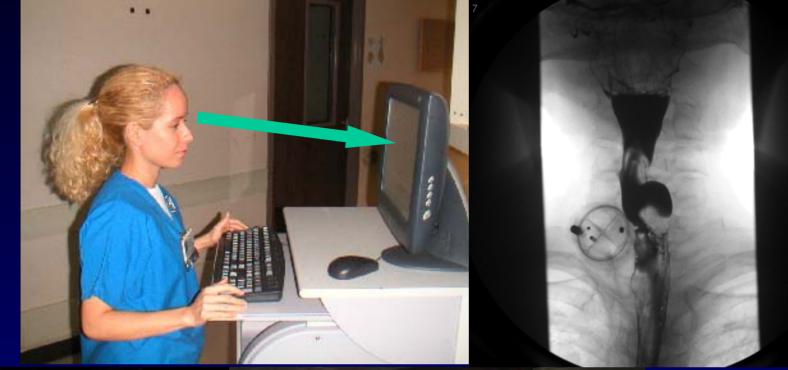
- Calibrated QC monitors are rare
 - Include requirement for calibration to the Barten standard in DICOM PS 3.14 in the RFP
 - Pressure vendors to comply (With-hold final payment until requirement is fulfilled?)

- In the event of mismatch (> $\pm 10\%$)
 - QC console monitor may not be calibrated to same LUT as PACS
 - Require calibration in RFP
 - Install DICOM calibration software yourself
 - Information displayed on the QC console monitor may be filtered (W/L or LUT)
 - Information sent to PACS is ignored
 - May be incorrectly formatted (value representation)
 - PACS may improperly handle information

Viewing-angle dependence of brightness and contrast

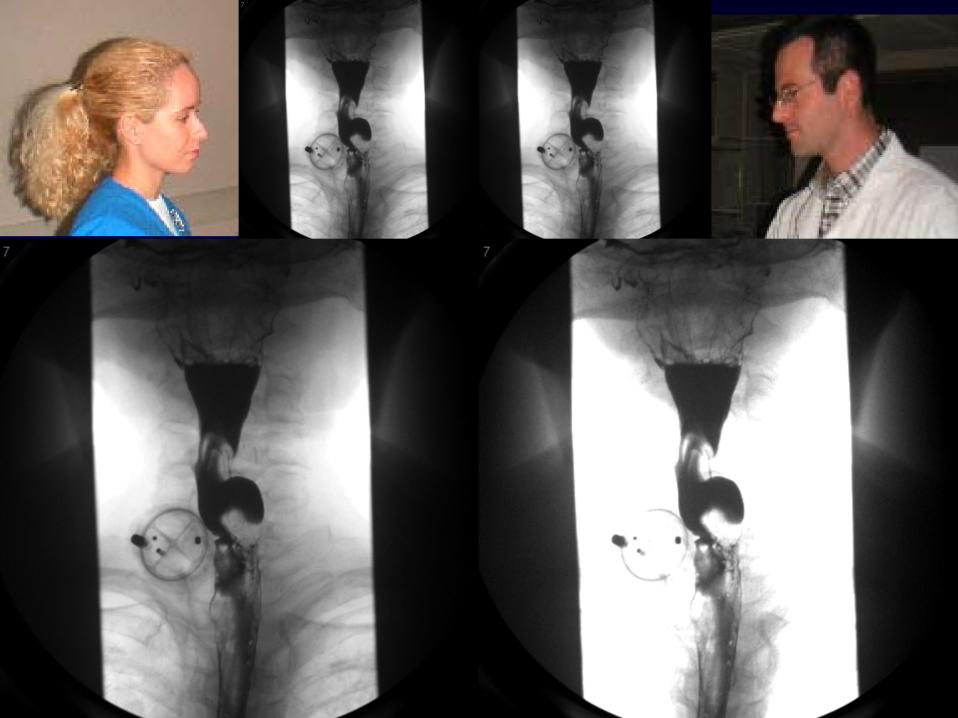
- Asymmetries in molecular orientation within the LC layer
- Some (expensive) LCD monitors correct for this:
 - Birefringent filter layers
 - Multidomain Pixels
 - In-Plane Switching
 - Combinations of above











- QC Console (display and graphics card)
 - Should match PACS calibration (within $\pm 10\%$)
 - Preferably Barten
 - 100:1 Contrast Ratio
 - Resolution (at least 1280x1024)
 - Off-axis contrast within $\pm 10\%$ of center to $\pm 15^{\circ}$ (horizontal) and $\pm 30^{\circ}$ (vertical)
 - $-\underline{NO}$ room light sensors
- Require all in RFP

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- Some systems are not designed to display on GSDF-compliant monitors
 - -Adjust post-processing accordingly
 - Specify PACS system in RFP and require post-processing designed to display correctly with the PACS display LUT.

Assessing Functionality (Hard Copy)

 Printer configuration:

 Printer must apply appropriate LUT, D_{min}, D_{max}, sharpness, interpolation and media type to be used
 Modality IP, Host, port, AET on print server

• Evaluate image quality

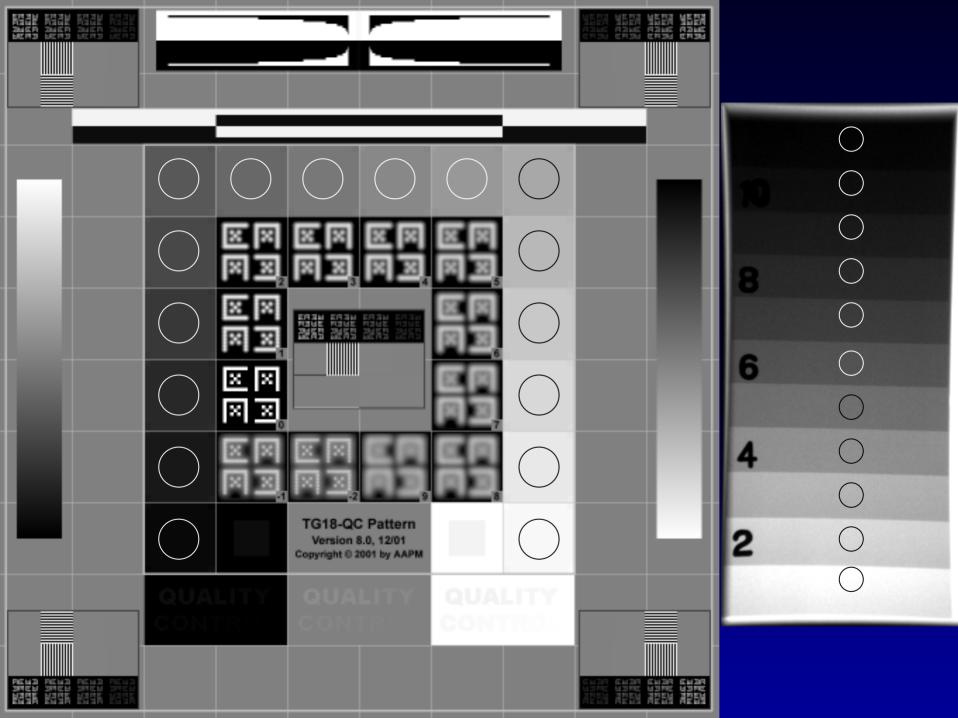
- Elements that Control Image Appearance on Printers
 - $-D_{min}/D_{max}$ must be identical on both modality and printer
 - May be omitted use printer default
 - Addressable area (# rows and columns) on modality for "true-size" print
 - -Margins and image box separation

- Elements that Control Image Appearance on Printers
 - Sharpness filter ("Inverse Smoothness" filter) – Smooth, Medium, Sharp
 - Some printers apply edge enhancement
 - Magnification (Interpolation algorithm Replicate, Bilinear, or Cubic)
 - -Media (Blue, Clear, Portrait, Landscape, etc)

- Elements that Control Image Appearance on Printers
 - -LUT
 - Responsibility for Barten LUT Printer or Modality?
 - Set printer to linear LUT if modality applies GSDF
 - Set printer to GSDF if modality sends linear LUT
 - May require custom LUT to match modality filter

- Elements that Control Image Appearance on Printers
 - -Presentation State
 - LUT in a tag to be applied by printer
 - Not yet supported by most modalities
 - Evaluate if supported

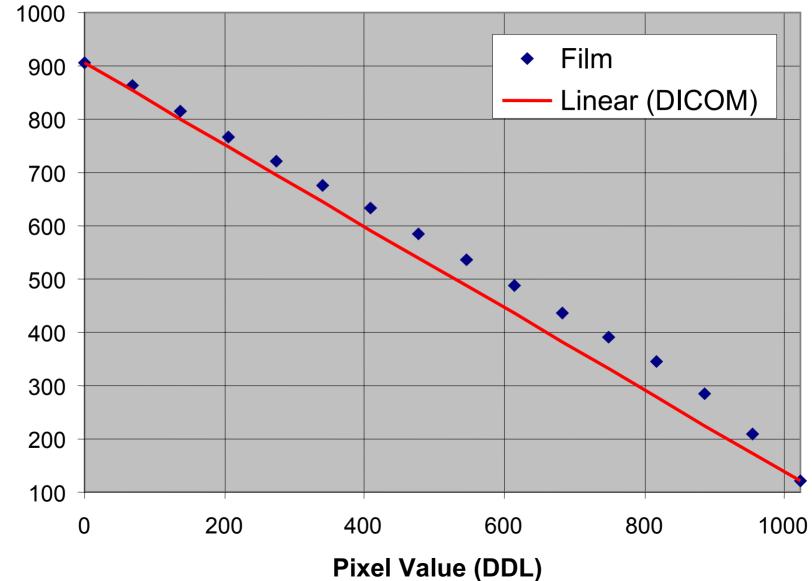
- Send a digital step tablet image (one-on-one)
 - -W/L settings
 - -Measure OD's of step tablet



- Calculate the transmitted luminance from a standard viewbox (~3000 Cd/m²)
- -Convert to JND indices (DICOM PS 3.14)
- -Calculate the %JND at each step
- Compare to the %JND at each step of the PACS monitors
- Should be within $\pm 10\%$

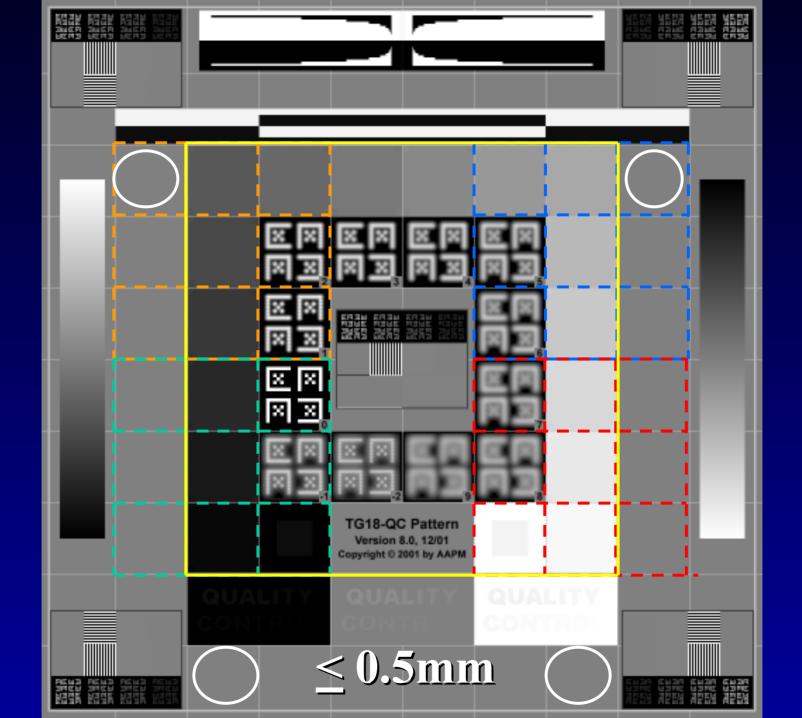
	Film		JND		%JND		
р	OD	L	Film	DICOM	Film	DICOM	Error
0	0.16	1867.9	906	906	100%	100%	
68	0.28	1417	864	854	95%	93%	1%
136	0.42	1026.5	814	802	88%	87%	2%
205	0.56	743.64	766	749	82%	80%	2%
273	0.69	551.27	721	697	76%	73%	3%
341	0.82	408.66	676	644	71%	67%	4%
409	0.95	302.94	632	592	65%	60%	5%
477	1.09	219.46	585	540	59%	53%	6%
546	1.24	155.37	537	487	53%	47%	6%
614	1.39	109.99	489	435	47%	40%	7%
682	1.56	74.364	437	383	40%	33%	7%
750	1.72	51.447	391	330	34%	27%	8%
818	1.89	34.783	344	278	28%	20%	8%
887	2.13	20.015	284	225	21%	13%	7%
955	2.47	9.1488	209	173	11%	7%	5%
1023	3.00	2.7	121	121	0%	0%	

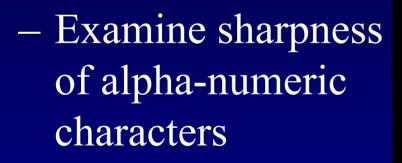
Hard Copy Calibration



UNC%

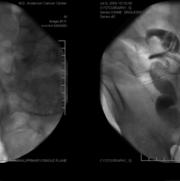
Measure density uniformity (5 places)
Measure distortion (regionally and globally)

















- Basic Networking
 - Access to all passwords for network and DICOM re-configuration.
 - Training and manuals necessary to support reconfiguration.
 - -Network and DICOM configuration parameters should be password protected!!!

- DICOM
 - -Supported SOP's (SCU)
 - Store (RF, DX, XF)
 - -CR devices should support DX objects, not CR
 - Manual send or Auto send (user selectable)
 –Print (RF, DX, XF)

- DICOM
 - Q/R Modality Work List
 - Query by Accession Number, Date, ID, or Name
 - Ad hoc and periodic
 - Storage Commitment

- DICOM
 - Support for Secondary Capture ("Screen grab")
 - Send Queue Stop, Clear, Restart
 - Multiple simultaneous print destinations
 - -Performed Procedure Step (Optional)

Image Quality (Modality)

- QC Console (display and graphics card)
 - Calibration matches PACS within ±10% (preferably DICOM PS3.14 GSDF)
 - -100:1 Contrast Ratio (L_{max}/L_{min})
 - -Resolution at least 1200x1600 pixels
 - Off-axis contrast within $\pm 10\%$ of center to $\pm 15^{\circ}$ (horizontal) and $\pm 30^{\circ}$ (vertical)
 - $-\underline{NO}$ room light sensors

- Other
 - -Manipulation of header information content
 - Interoperability with PACS

 Tag information formatted, parsed

 Private Tags (non-standard information)

- Other:
 - -Multi-frame objects
 - Integration of multiple single-frame series into one multi-frame object (for stack-mode viewing)
 - Support for overlay data (not "burned" in)
 - -Re-open exam and add images