AbstractID:9199Title:Ontech nicalas pectsofth eim plementationofan ewrespirato ry gatingsys temw iththeo ptionofth ree-dimensionaltra ckingofa su rrogate'sm otion viaa wall-mounted camera

Purpose: Tooptimizeperforma nceof anew respiratorygatingsy stemwith3Dtra ckingof a surrogateandto evalu ateth epe rformance of theses temin c linical conditions.

MethodandMate rials: Anaccuracyof thesystemwasc heckedbyca libratingthesys temus ing waterpa rallelsurfac ea ndthen locatinga su rrogate atd ifferentp ositionsonthesu rface and detecting its p osition. A cl inically r epresentative be nding p rofile o f a couch w as found. Whi lerespecti ngr estrictionsre sulting fromth eca librationp rocedure, threep oints onth eprof ilethat ensure thep rofile'so ptimalli nearfitwe rese lected. The sy stemwas recalibrated by positioning a sur rogate into the found positions and the system's performance was checked. The longitudinal speed and the APp osition of a surrogate were recorded simultaneously to quantify observed a rtifacts when the surrogate was moving inthe longitudinal direction.

Results: The valuesoftheAPpos ition of a surrogate on the leveled planech angel essth an $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$ (SD of a readout is 0.18 mm). The me asured be nding profiles exhibit nonlinearity and changes in the AP position are up to 8 mm (weight of 60 kg). A fter the proposed calibration, couchinduced changes in the AP position during a CT acquisition are less than $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$. The AP position readout varies linearly with the longitudinals peed of a surrogate (approx.0.6 mmchange at the surrogate).

Conclusion: The new syst em en ables an accurate rea dout of a surrogate's position. However, i tsaccura cyis limi tedby t hepres umptionth at thesu rrogate's motion in duced by a couch happens within aplane. Ame anho wto bringthe modelc losest to the conditions was proposed. Dependence of the AP position readout on the surrogate's longitudinal speed is an inconvenient property of the system, which has a little impact in clinical conditions though.