AbstractID: 11848 Title: Use of GAFCHROMIC® EBT film for in-water measurements of surface dose of build up region, and other dosimetric parameters using 6, 9, 12, 16, and 20 MeV electron beams.

Purpose: Use of GAFCHROMIC[®] EBT film for in-water measurements of surface dose of build up region, and other dosimetric parameters of 6, 9, 12, 16, and 20 MeV electron beams.

Materials and Methods: PDD measurements were acquired using a radiation field analyzer and a parallel-plate ionization chamber. Linear interpolation and the fit-generated data were used to estimate depths of 100%, 90%, 85%, 80%, 50% dose, surface dose, percent dose due to bremsstrahlung, practical range, and Rq. The normalized dose gradient, mean energy at the surface, and most probable energy at the surface were also calculated. A single energy value at the surface was also calculated. EBT film was cut in rectangular strips each measuring 2.54 x 7.0 cm² or 2.54 x 12.0 cm² and placed in a water phantom, parallel to the beam, with the upper edge flush to the water level, and exposed to 150 MU. The beam central-axis crosshairs were carefully aligned and centered on the film's edge. The electron beam energies used were 6, 9, 12, 16, and 20 MeV with electron cones of 6 x 6, 10 x 10, 15 x 15, 20 x 20, and 25 x 25 cm². The SSD was 100 cm and a dose rate of 600 MU/min. The films were immersed in water for no more than 3-5 minutes and were carefully dried after exposure. The films were scanned after at least 12 hours post-exposure.

Results: The EBT film measurements in water, for all electron beam dosimetric parameters investigated, were in agreement with the ionization chamber results.

Conclusion: Using a simple set up, EBT film can be used, in water, to perform accurate PDD measurements of electron beams with high resolution